/\*

In order to find the rows where the value for a column is or is not NULL, you would use IS NULL or IS NOT NULL.

***family\_members***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **id** | **name** | **gender** | **species** | **favorite\_book** |
| 1 | Dave | male | human | To Kill a Mockingbird |
| 2 | Mary | female | human | Gone with the Wind |
| 3 | Pickles | male | dog | null |

Consider the above table

\*/

-- 1. Can you return all of the rows of **family\_members** where favorite\_book is not null?

SELECT \* FROM family\_members WHERE favorite\_book IS NOT NULL;

/\* Sometimes, a column can contain a date value. The first 4 digits represents the year, the next 2 digits represents the month, and the next 2 digits represents the day of the month. For example, 1985-07-20 would mean July 20, 1985. \*/

/\*

***celebs\_born***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **id** | **name** | **birthdate** |
| 1 | Michael Jordan | 1963-02-17 |
| 2 | Justin Timberlake | 1981-01-31 |
| 3 | Taylor Swift | 1989-12-13 |

Consider the above table

\*/

--Can you return a list of celebrities that were born after September 1st, 1980?

SELECT \* from celebs\_born WHERE birthdate > '1980-09-01';